Note of Delayed Mode Quality Control of Argo float WMO 6901247

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This note includes the results of OWC performed for the WMO 6901247 float. The reference dataset used is composed of the following CTD and Argo historical datasets:

CTD:

- CMEMS: INSITU_MED_PHYBGCWAV_DISCRETE_MYNRT_013_035
- Coriolis: CTD_for_DMQC_2024V01
- Historical CTD profiles provided through personal contact

Argo:

ARGO_for_DMQC_2022V03

Float 6901247 is the Apex float, where the pressure sensor is not auto-corrected to zero while at the sea surface. For this sensor the pressure data will be corrected during processing in delayed mode if necessary. The procedures of correction sea surface pressure are described in Argo Quality Control Manual for CTD and Trajectory Data (Wong et al., 2020).

Configurations

Parameters	Value
CONFIG_MAX_CASTS	300
MAP_USE_PV	1
MAP_USE_SAF	0
MAPSCALE_LONGITUDE_LARGE	4
MAPSCALE_LONGITUDE_SMALL	1.33
MAPSCALE_LATITUDE_LARGE	4
MAPSCALE_LATITUDE_SMALL	1.33
MAPSCALE_PHI_LARGE	0.5
MAPSCALE_PHI_SMALL	0.1
MAPSCALE_AGE	10
MAP_P_EXCLUDE	700
MAP_P_DELTA	250
Theta_gt	12.98

OWC Results

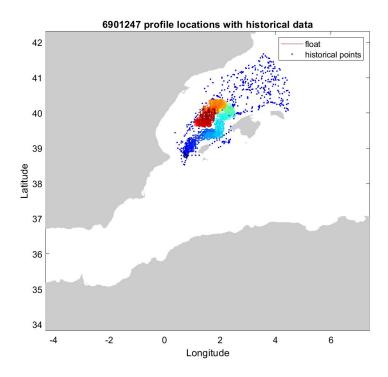


Figure 1: Location of the float profiles (red line with colored numbers) and the reference data selected for mapping (blue dots).

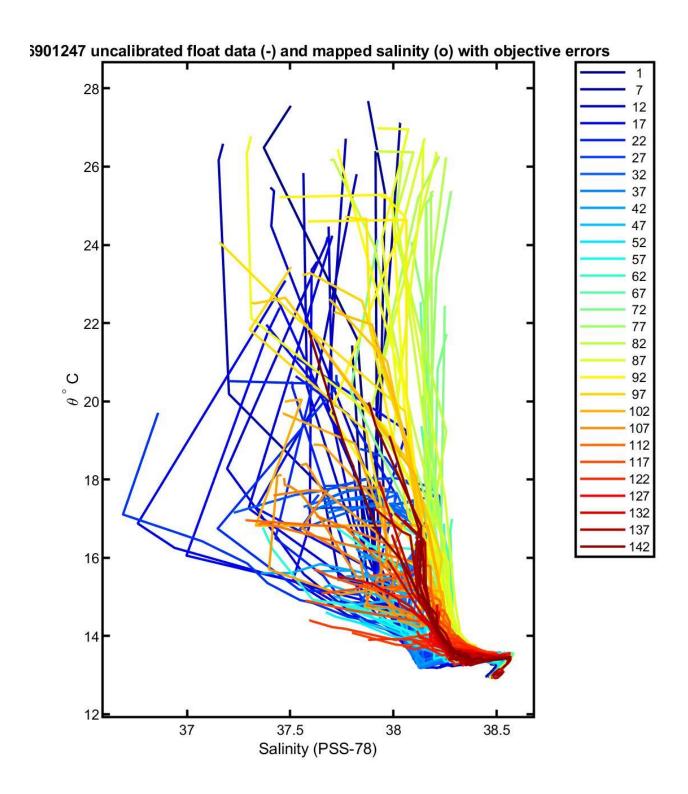
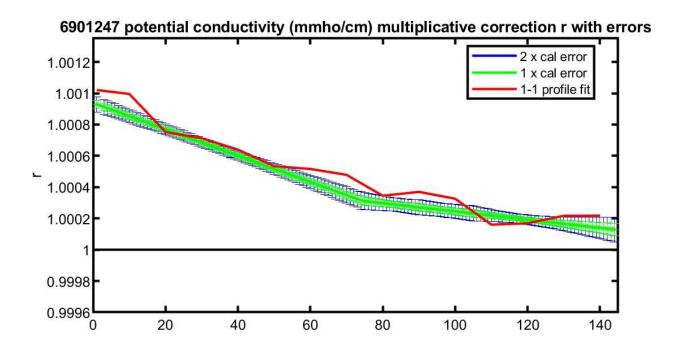


Figure 2: Plot the original float salinity and the objectively estimated reference salinity at the 10 float theta levels that are used in calibration.



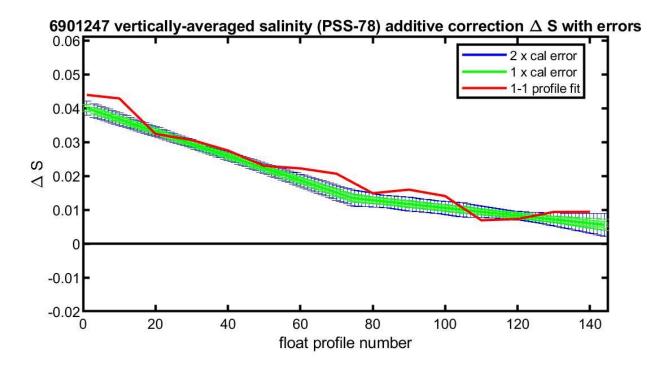


Figure 3: Evolution of the suggested adjustment with time. The top panel plots the potential conductivity multiplicative adjustment. The bottom panel plots the equivalent salinity additive adjustment. The red line denotes one-to-one profile fit that uses the vertically weighted mean of each profile. The red line can be used to check for anomalous profiles relative to the optimal fit.

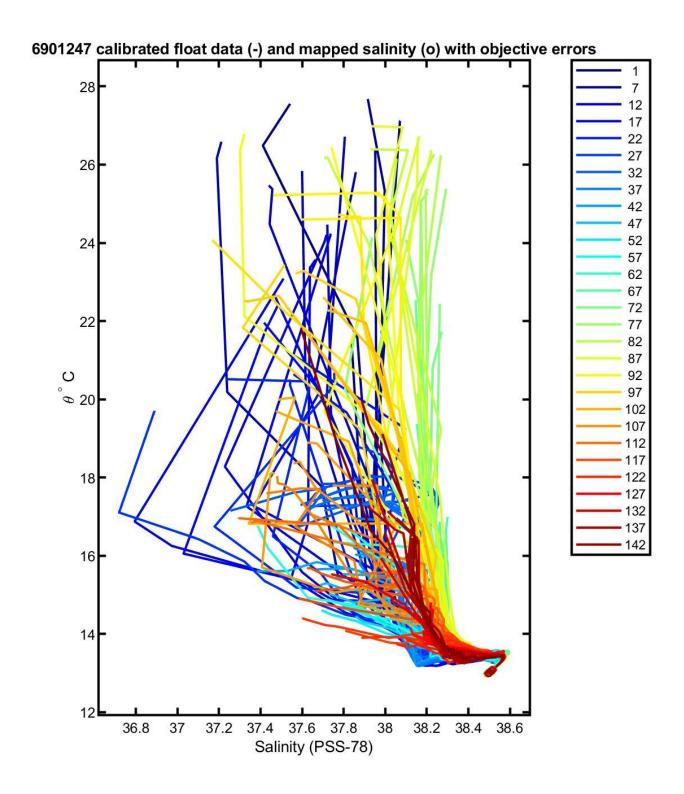
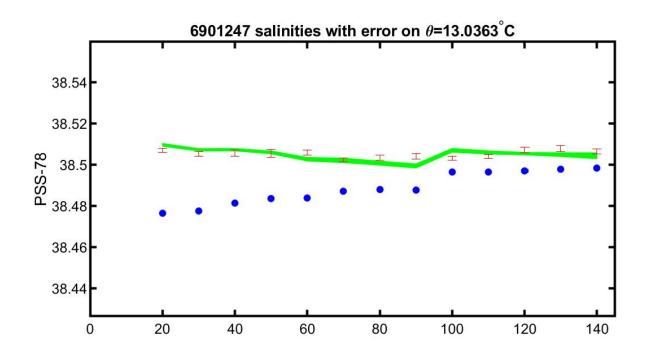


Figure 4: The plot of calibrated float salinity and the objectively estimated reference salinity at the 10 float theta levels that are used in calibration.



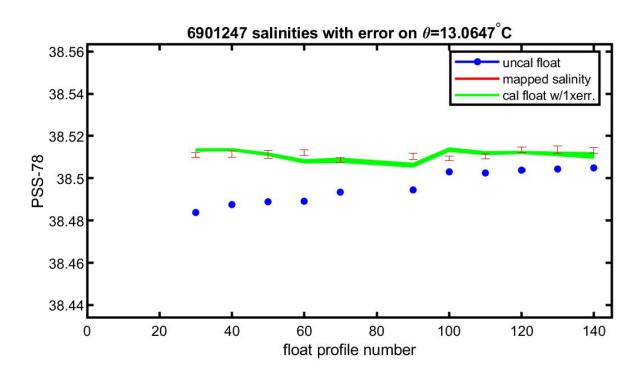


Figure 5: Plots of the evolution of salinity with time along with selected theta levels with minimum salinity variance.

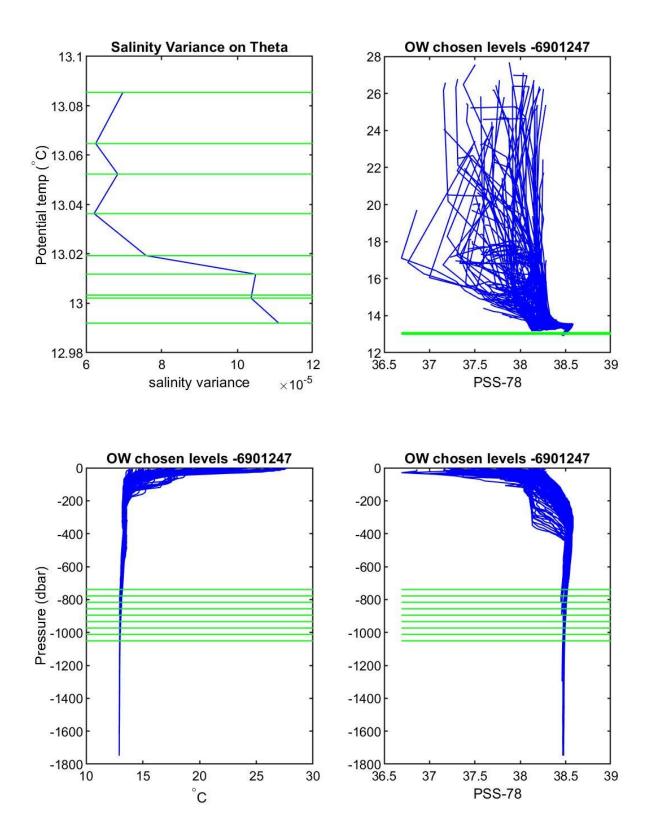


Figure 6: Plots include the theta levels chosen for calibration: Top left: Salinity variance at theta levels. Top right: T/S diagram of all profiles of Argo float. Bottom left: potential temperature plotted against pressure. Bottom right: salinity plotted against pressure.

Summary

Float WMO 6901247 was deployed in the Catalan sub-basin, in the Mediterranean Sea. This float was not DMQC-ed before.

The OWC analysis showed a salinity drift. Figure 3 reveals that the least square fit is quite reliable. The correction proposed by OWC suggests a correction up to the Argo requested accuracy (0.01). Figure 5 shows the float salinity drift on selected θ -levels. Additional analyses (the visual inspection of the deepest portion of the θ -S diagram, the comparison of selected float salinity profiles with the nearby historical CTD profiles) are applied in complement of the OWC method, to provide the best quality control analysis. After several investigation, the last decision is that the salinity data of float WMO 6901247 needs a delayed mode correction. QC 1 is applied to all cycles.

PSAL_ADJUSTED= PSAL + ΔS from cycle 1 to 144

The quality flags applied are the following:

PSAL ADJUSTED QC='1' from cycle 1 to 144

The delayed-mode files (Dfiles) have been created accordingly and sent to the Coriolis GDAC.

References

Cabanes, C., Thierry, V., & Lagadec, C. (2016). Improvement of bias detection in Argo float conductivity sensors and its application in the North Atlantic. Deep-Sea Research Part I: Oceanographic Research Papers, 114, 128–136. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dsr.2016.05.007

Annie Wong, Robert Keeley, Thierry Carval and the Argo Data Management Team (2020). Argo Quality Control Manual for CTD and Trajectory Data. http://dx.doi.org/10.13155/33951