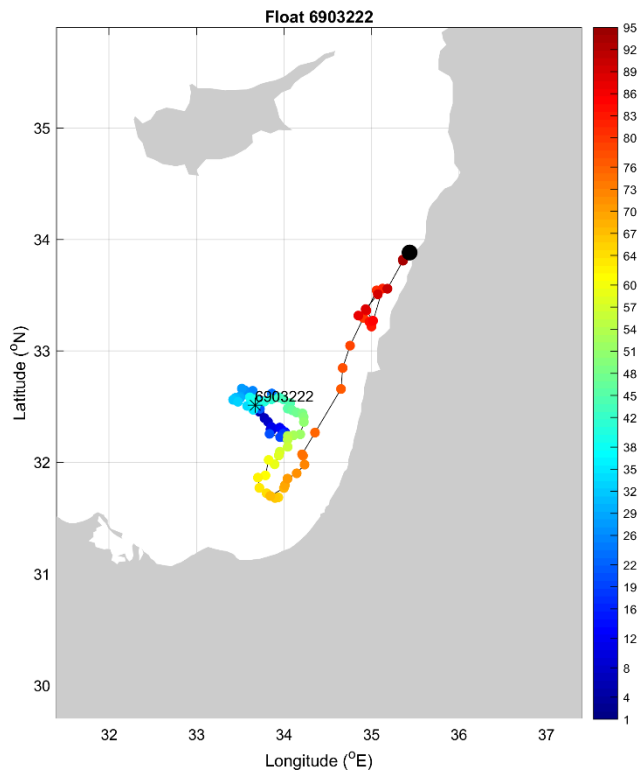


# Delayed Mode Quality Control of Argo float WMO 6903222

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## 1 Introduction

This report includes the delayed mode analysis performed for float 6903222. It was deployed in Mediterranean Sea (Levantine sub-basin) in February 2017 and after performed 97 cycles died. Before the analysis, real-time QC flags were visually inspected. The list of flags applied is QC=1 for all cycles. Then, the satellite altimeter comparison plot between the sea surface height and dynamic height anomaly, constructed for this float by Ifremer, was analyzed. Plots of temperature and salinity time series and plots of temperature, salinity and density plotted against the nearby historical CTD profiles was generated. This visual analysis can help in detecting sensor salinity anomalies and spikes.

The reference dataset used is composed of the following CTD and Argo historical datasets:

CTD:

- CMEMS: INSITU\_MED\_TS\_REP\_OBSERVATIONS\_013\_041
- Coriolis: CTD\_for\_DMQC\_2018V01
- Historical CTD profiles provided through personal contact

Argo:

- ARGO\_for\_DMQC\_2018V01

Float 6903222 is the Dova (Nova) float where the pressure sensor is auto corrected and no adjustment is required. The OWC was run to estimate a salinity offset and a salinity drift (Cabanès et al., 2016).

## **2 Quality Check of Argo Float Data**

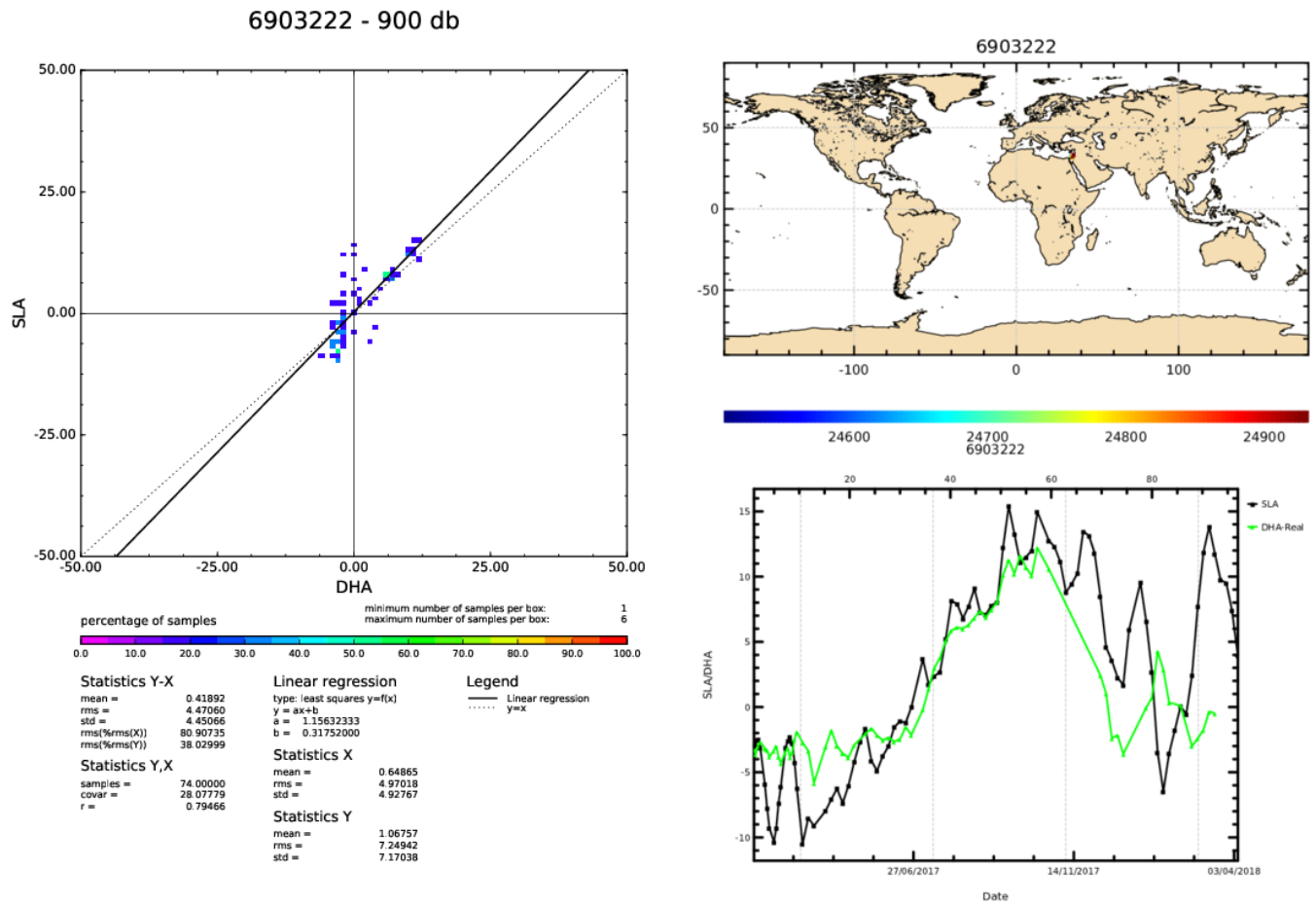
### **2.1 Verification of Real-time Mode QC flags**

The list of flags applied to the float in real-time mode is as follows.

Cycle number:

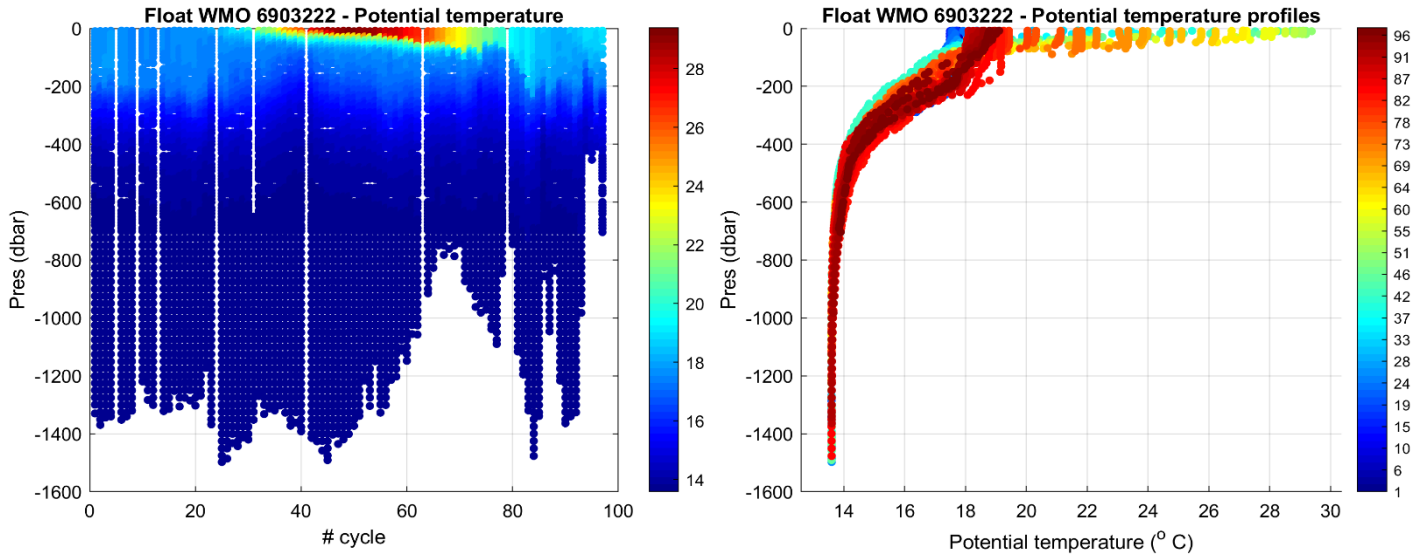
1-97 PSAL QC=1

## 2.2 Satellite Altimeter Report

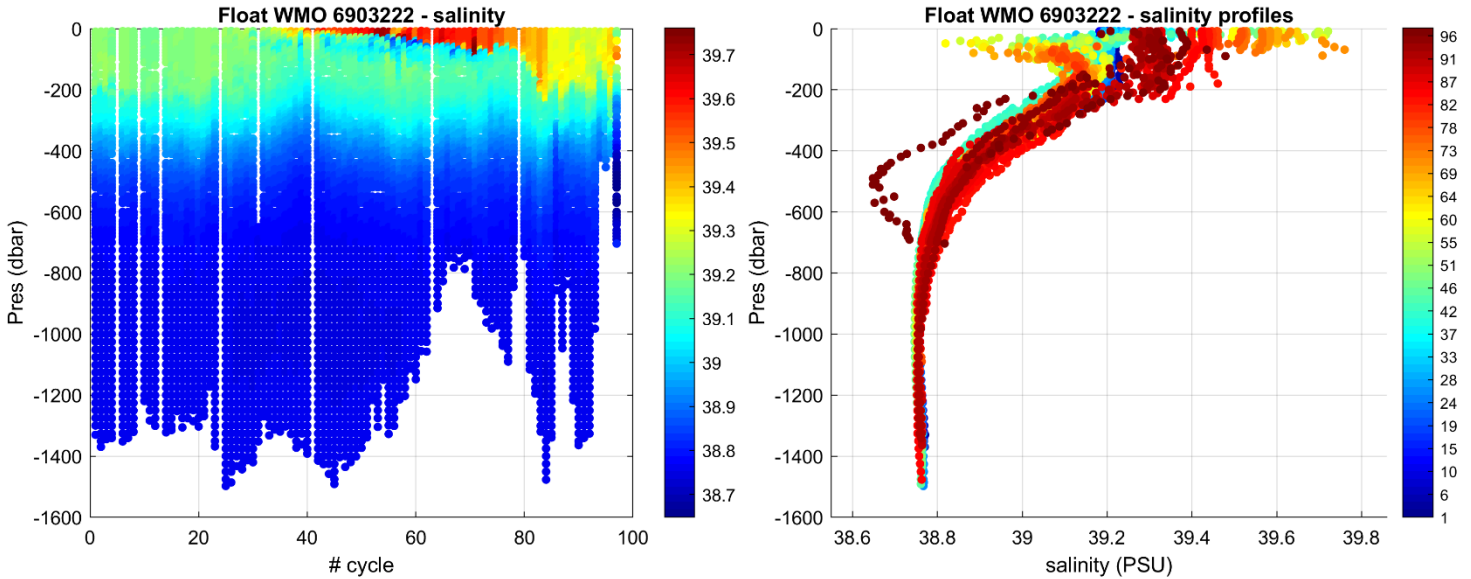


**Figure 1:** Float 6903222. The comparison between the sea surface height (SSH) from the satellite altimetry and dynamic height anomaly (DHA) extracted from the Argo float temperature and salinity. The figure is created by the CLS/Coriolis and distributed by Ifremer (<ftp://ftp.ifremer.fr/ifremer/argo/etc/argo-ast9-item13-AltimeterComparison/figures/>).

### 2.3 Time Series of Argo Float Temperature and Salinity



**Figure 2:** Float 6903222. Time series of Argo float potential temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) on the left, and potential temperature profiles color-coded per cycle number on the right.



**Figure 3:** Float 6903222. Time series of Argo float potential salinity (PSS-78) on the left, and salinity profiles color-coded per cycle number on the right.

Before running the Owens and Wong method, referred to as OW hereafter, the theta-salinity ( $\theta$ -S) diagram of the float is analyzed (Figure 4) and in particular the area where the  $\theta$ -S relationship is the tightest (Figure 5). No significant salinity drift is observed.

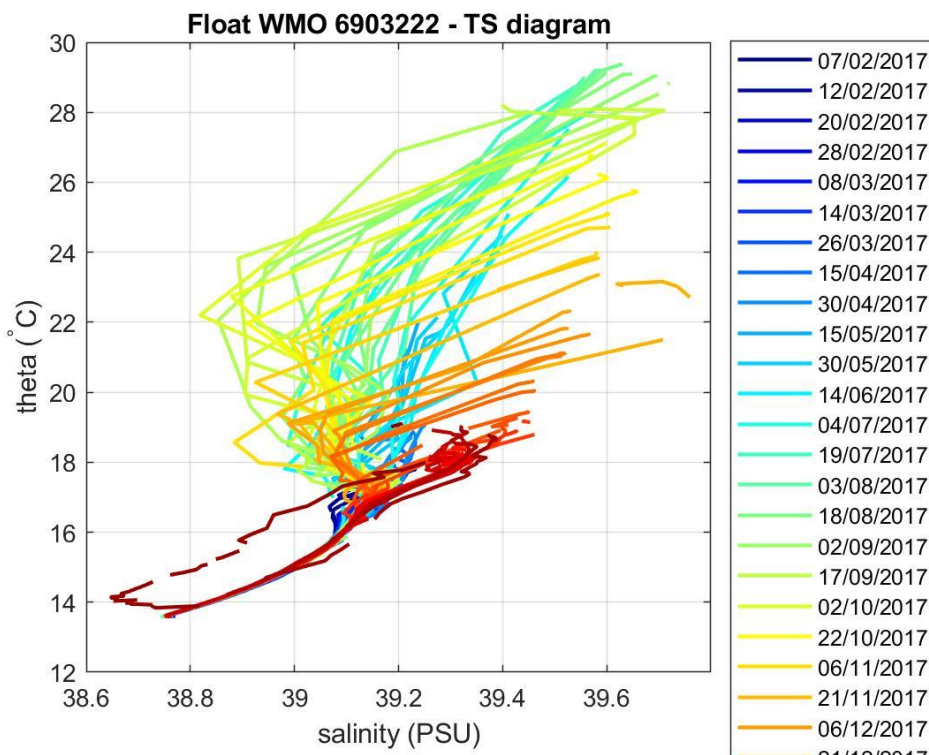


Figure 4: Float 6903222.  $\theta$ -S diagram color-coded per cycle number.

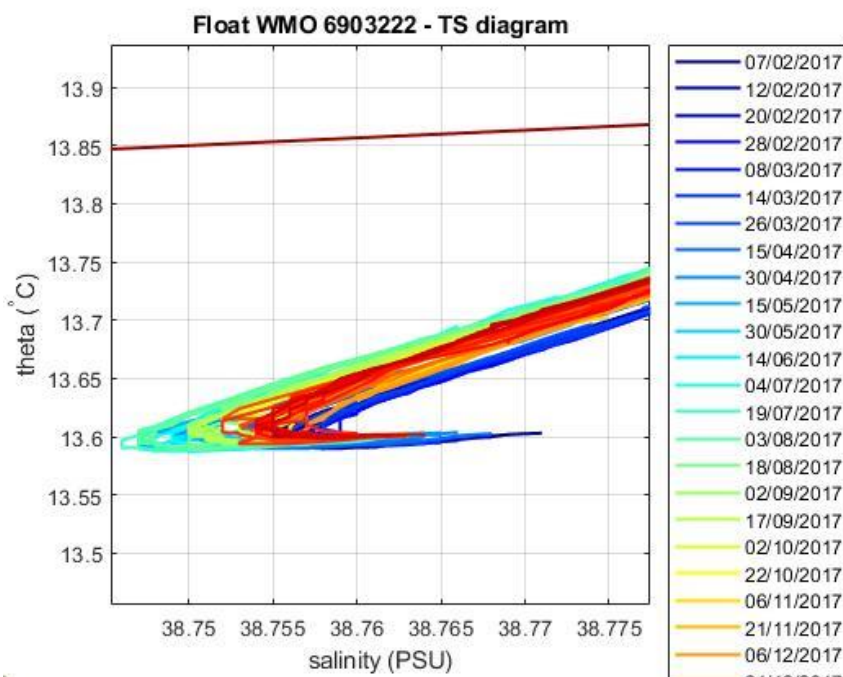
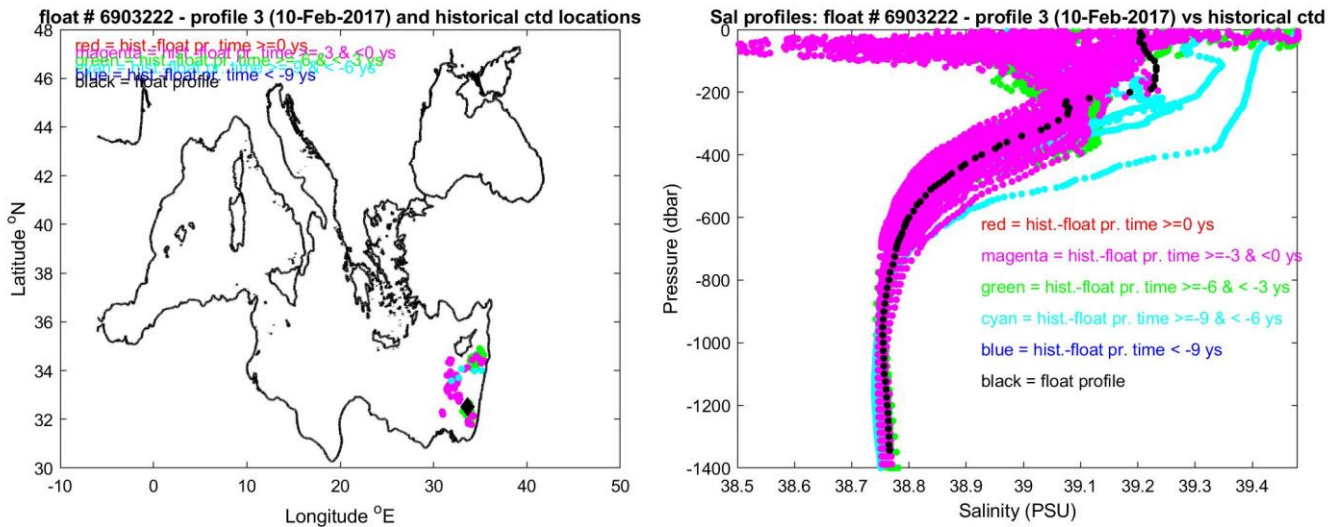


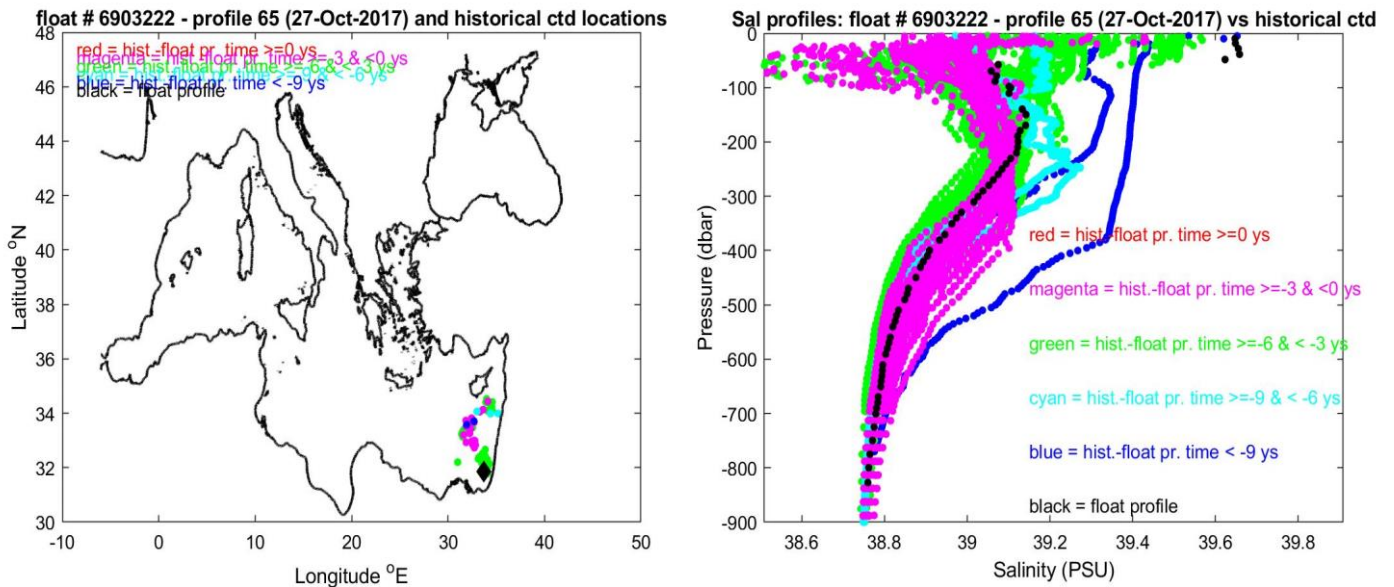
Figure 5: Float 6903222. Area of the  $\theta$ -S diagram (color-coded per cycle number) where the  $\theta$ -S relationship is more uniform.

## 2.4 Comparison Between Argo Float and Climatology

Three salinity float profiles are selected to perform a comparison (in time and space) with the historical data. In figure 6, 7 and 8 each selected profile is compared with all reference data used in this analysis. The salinity float profile is depicted in black while other colors represent the salinity reference profiles. The red color means that the historical data are more recent with respect to the float ones, while magenta states that the float data are more recent than the historical ones (the maximal difference is 9 years). A time difference between 3 and 6, 6 and 9 and larger than 9 years is depicted in green, cyan and blue, respectively.

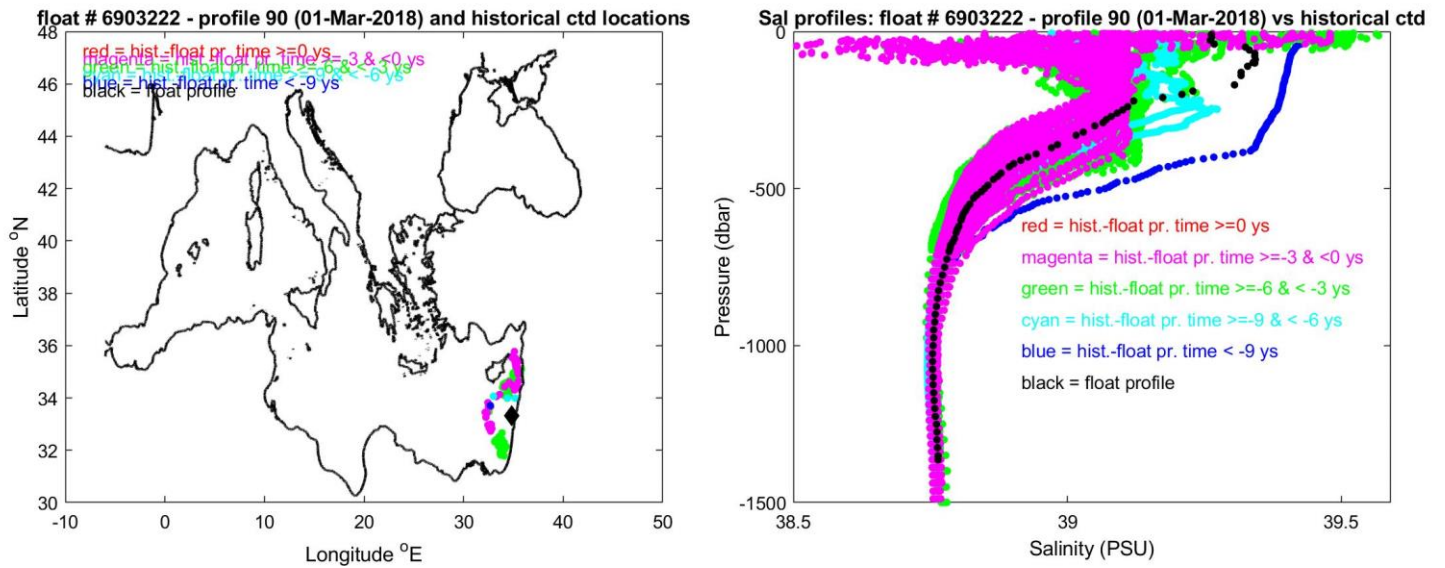


**Figure 6:** Float 6903222. Locations of the salinity float profile number 3 and historical CTD data (right panel) and the respective salinity profiles (left panel).



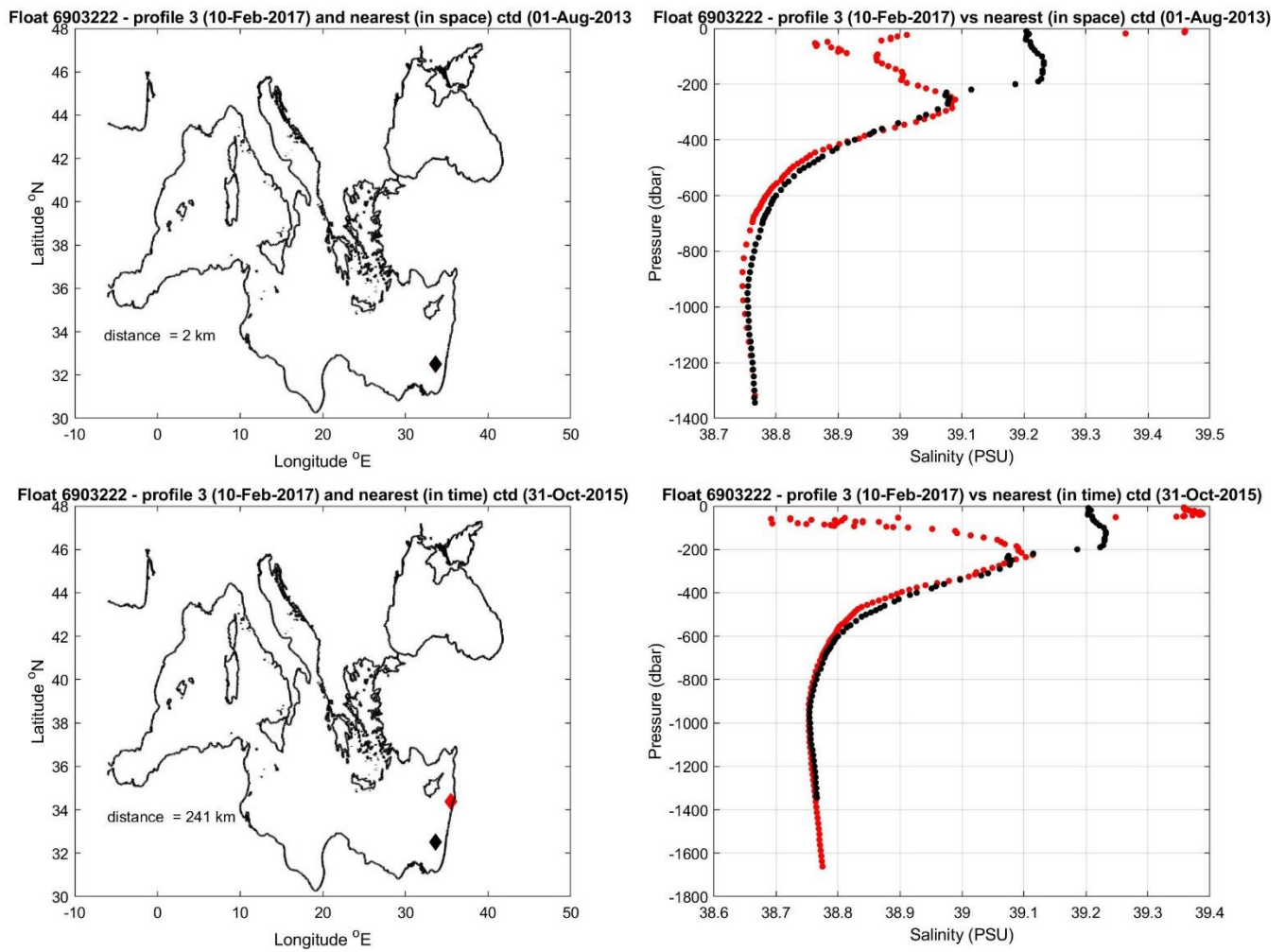
**Figure 7:** Float 6903222. Locations of the salinity float profile number 65 and historical CTD data (right panel) and the respective salinity profiles (left panel).





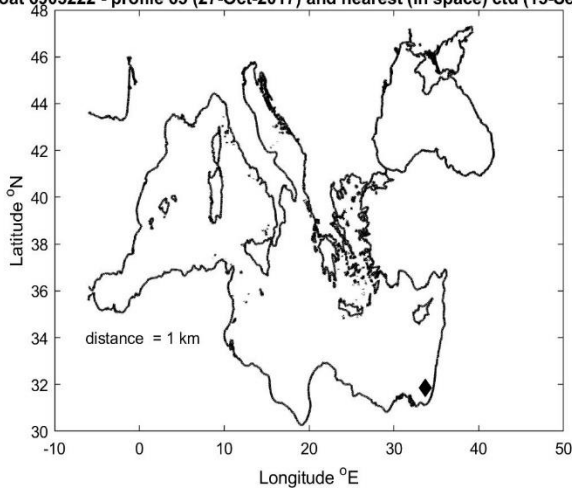
**Figure 8:** Float 6903222. Locations of the salinity float profile number 90 and historical CTD data (right panel) and the respective salinity profiles (left panel).

The comparison of these 3 selected salinity float profiles with the closest (in space and time) salinity reference profile is shown in Figures from 9 to 11. The agreement between the selected float salinity profiles and the historical salinity profiles is good in the intermediate layers.

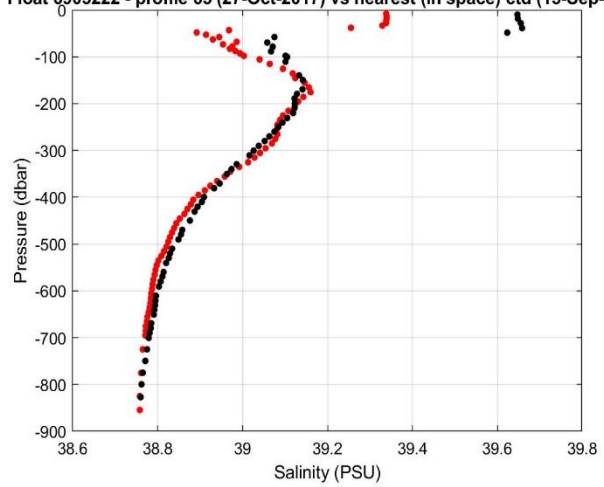


**Figure 9:** Float 6903222. The salinity float profile number 3 (black dots) are compared to the nearest in space (top) and in time (bottom) reference profile (red dots). The locations of the two profiles and their distance is given in the left panel.

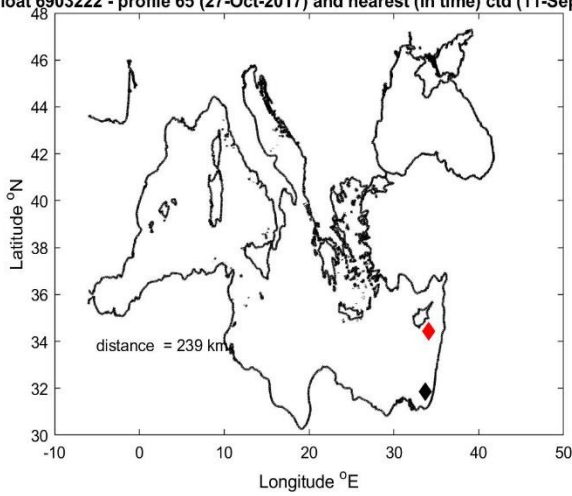
Float 6903222 - profile 65 (27-Oct-2017) and nearest (in space) ctd (15-Sep-2014)



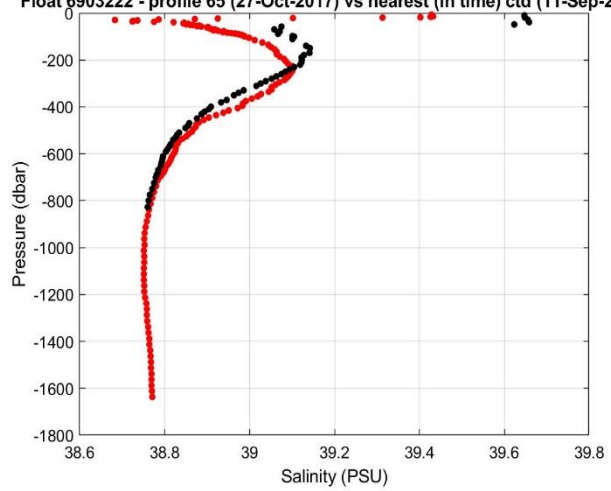
Float 6903222 - profile 65 (27-Oct-2017) vs nearest (in space) ctd (15-Sep-2014)



Float 6903222 - profile 65 (27-Oct-2017) and nearest (in time) ctd (11-Sep-2015)

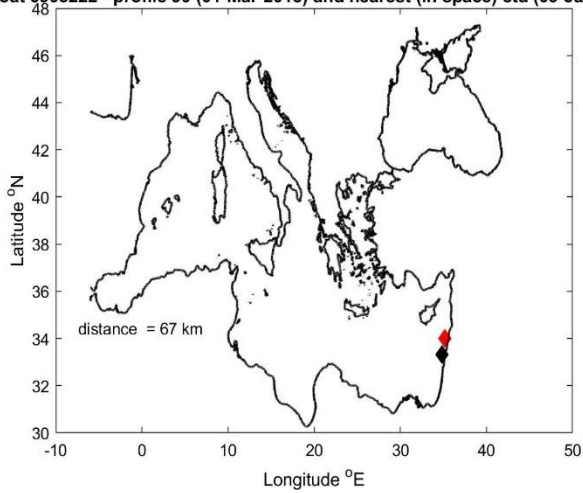


Float 6903222 - profile 65 (27-Oct-2017) vs nearest (in time) ctd (11-Sep-2015)

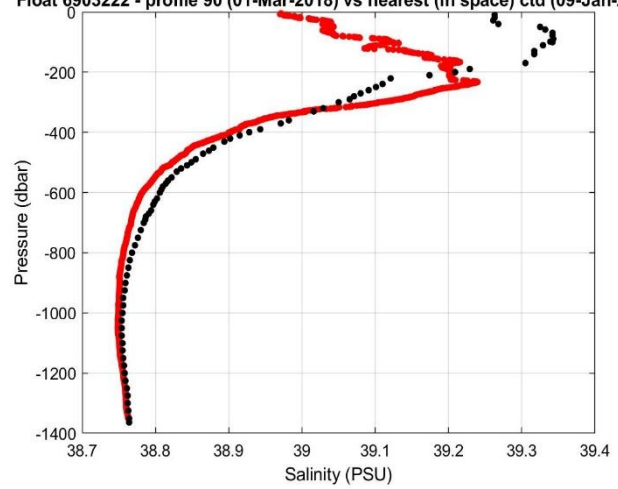


**Figure 10:** Float 6903222. The salinity float profile number 65 (black dots) are compared to the nearest in space (top) and in time (bottom) reference profile (red dots). The locations of the two profiles and their distance is given in the left panel.

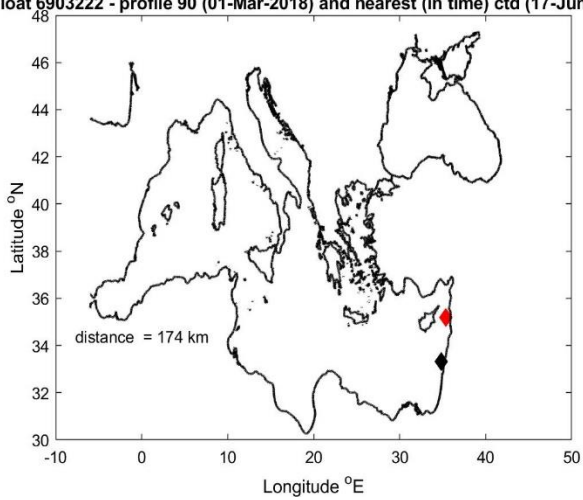
Float 6903222 - profile 90 (01-Mar-2018) and nearest (in space) ctd (09-Jan-2011)



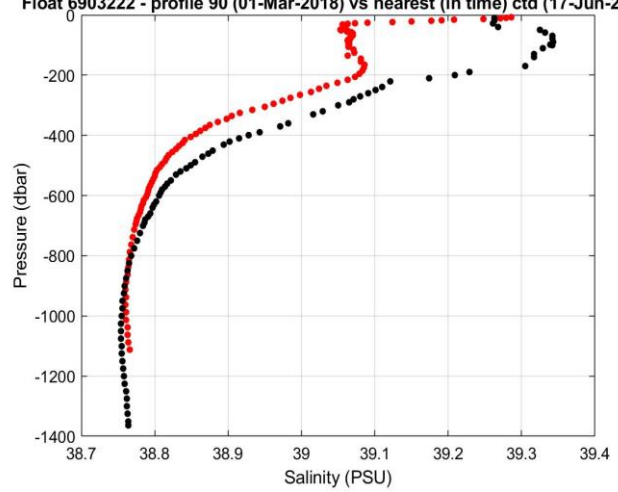
Float 6903222 - profile 90 (01-Mar-2018) vs nearest (in space) ctd (09-Jan-2011)



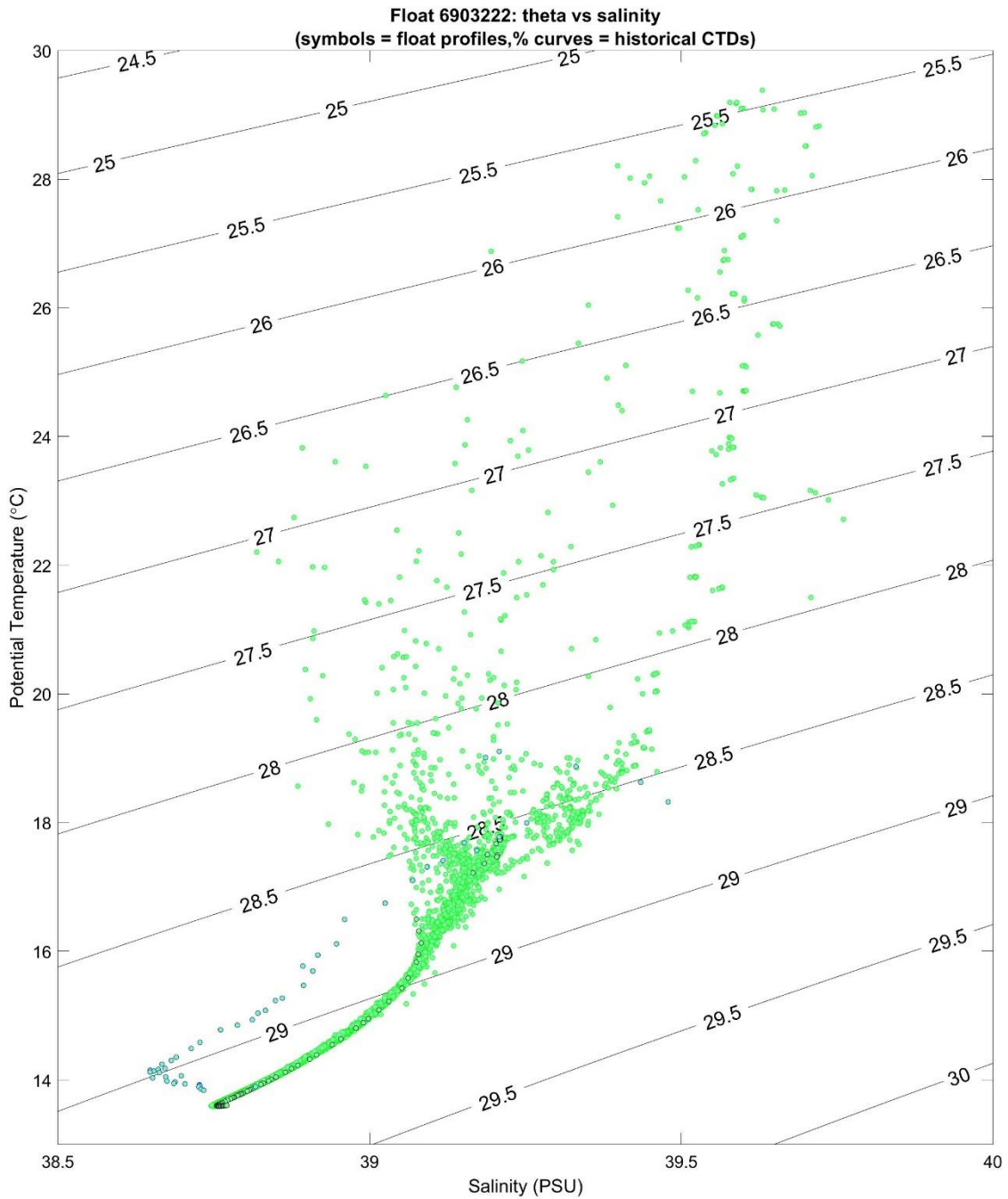
Float 6903222 - profile 90 (01-Mar-2018) and nearest (in time) ctd (17-Jun-2016)



Float 6903222 - profile 90 (01-Mar-2018) vs nearest (in time) ctd (17-Jun-2016)



**Figure 11:** Float 6903222. The salinity float profile number 90 (black dots) are compared to the nearest in space (top) and in time (bottom) reference profile (red dots). The locations of the two profiles and their distance is given in the left panel.



**Figure 12:** Float 6903222. T/S diagram plotted with and data from WMO boxes of CTD reference data +/- 10° of latitude and longitude. The black and blue cycles indicate the first and the last Argo profile, respectively. Green symbols represent other Argo profiles from this float. The thin colour lines indicate the reference data.

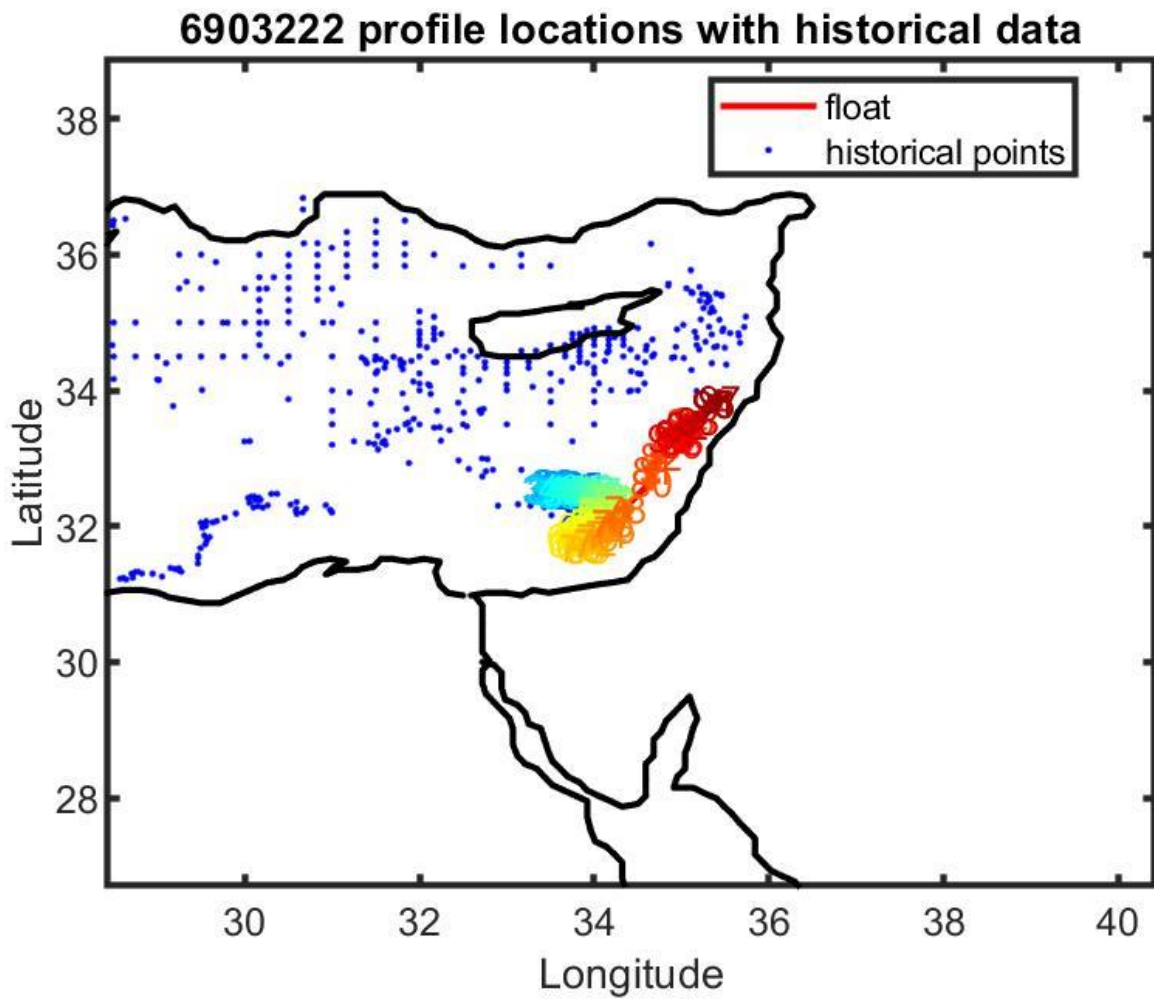
### 3 Correction of Salinity Data

#### 3.1 Comparison between Argo Float and CTD Climatology

##### 3.1.1 Configurations

Parameters	Value
CONFIG_MAX_CASTS	300
MAP_USE_PV	1
MAP_USE_SAF	0
MAPSCALE_LONGITUDE_LARGE	4
MAPSCALE_LONGITUDE_SMALL	1.33
MAPSCALE_LATITUDE_LARGE	4
MAPSCALE_LATITUDE_SMALL	1.33
MAPSCALE_PHI_LARGE	0.5
MAPSCALE_PHI_SMALL	0.1
MAPSCALE_AGE	10
MAP_P_EXCLUDE	700
MAP_P_DELTA	250

### 3.1.2 Results



**Figure 13:** Float 6903222. Location of the float profiles (red line with colored numbers) and the reference data selected for mapping (blue dots).

6903222 uncalibrated float data (-) and mapped salinity (o) with objective errors

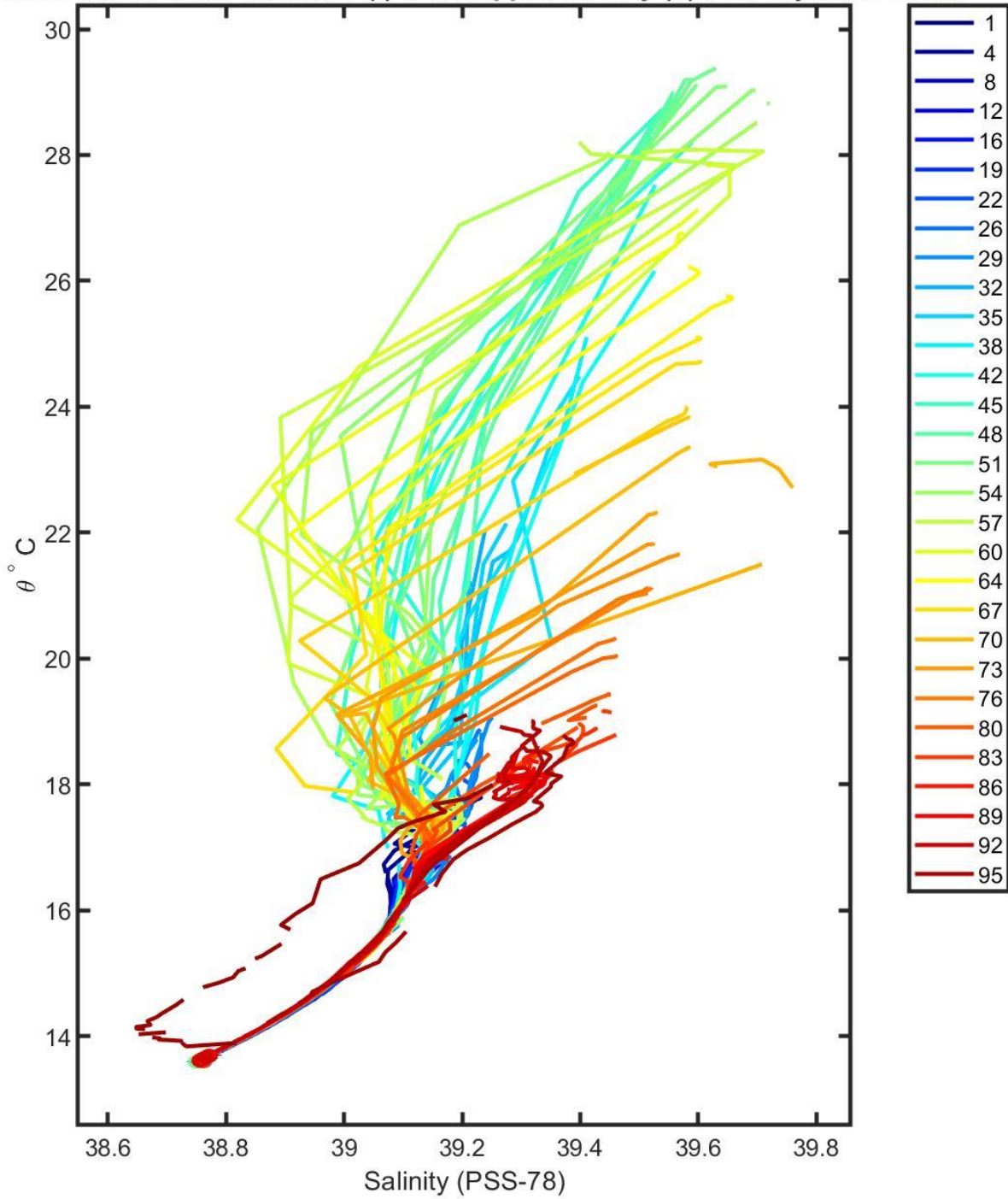
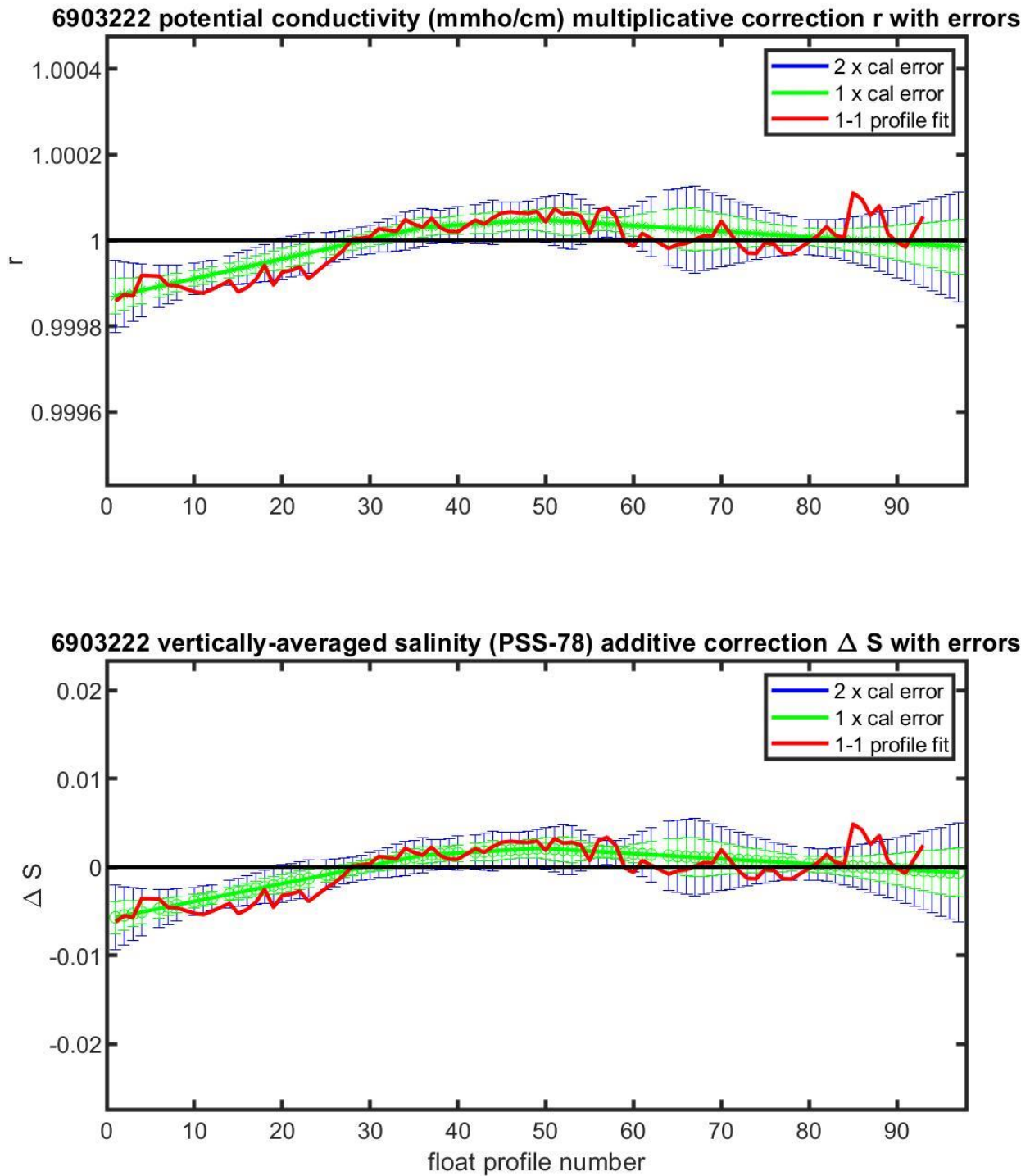


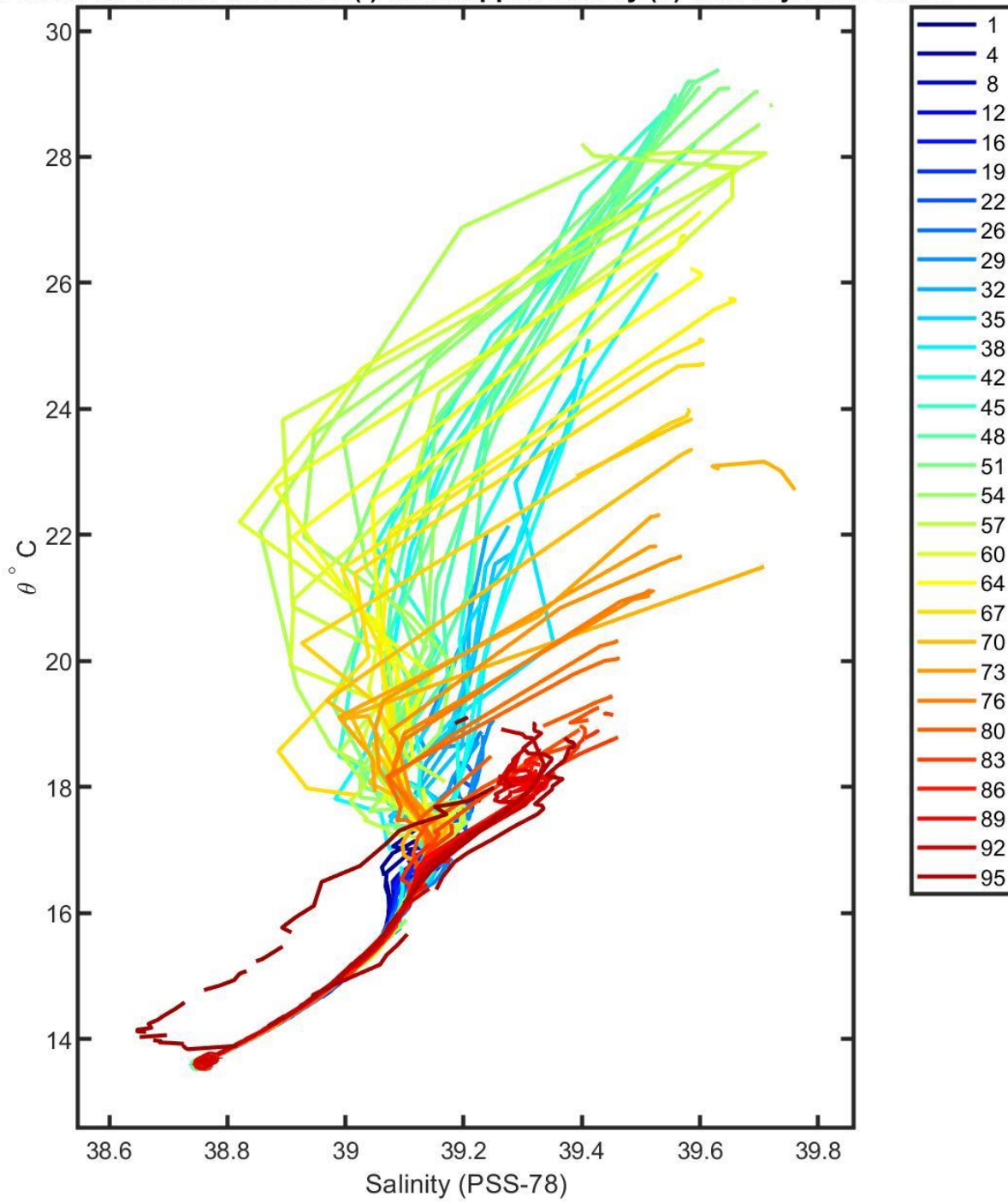
Figure 14: Float 6903222. Plot the original float salinity and the objectively estimated reference salinity at the 10 float theta levels that are used in calibration.



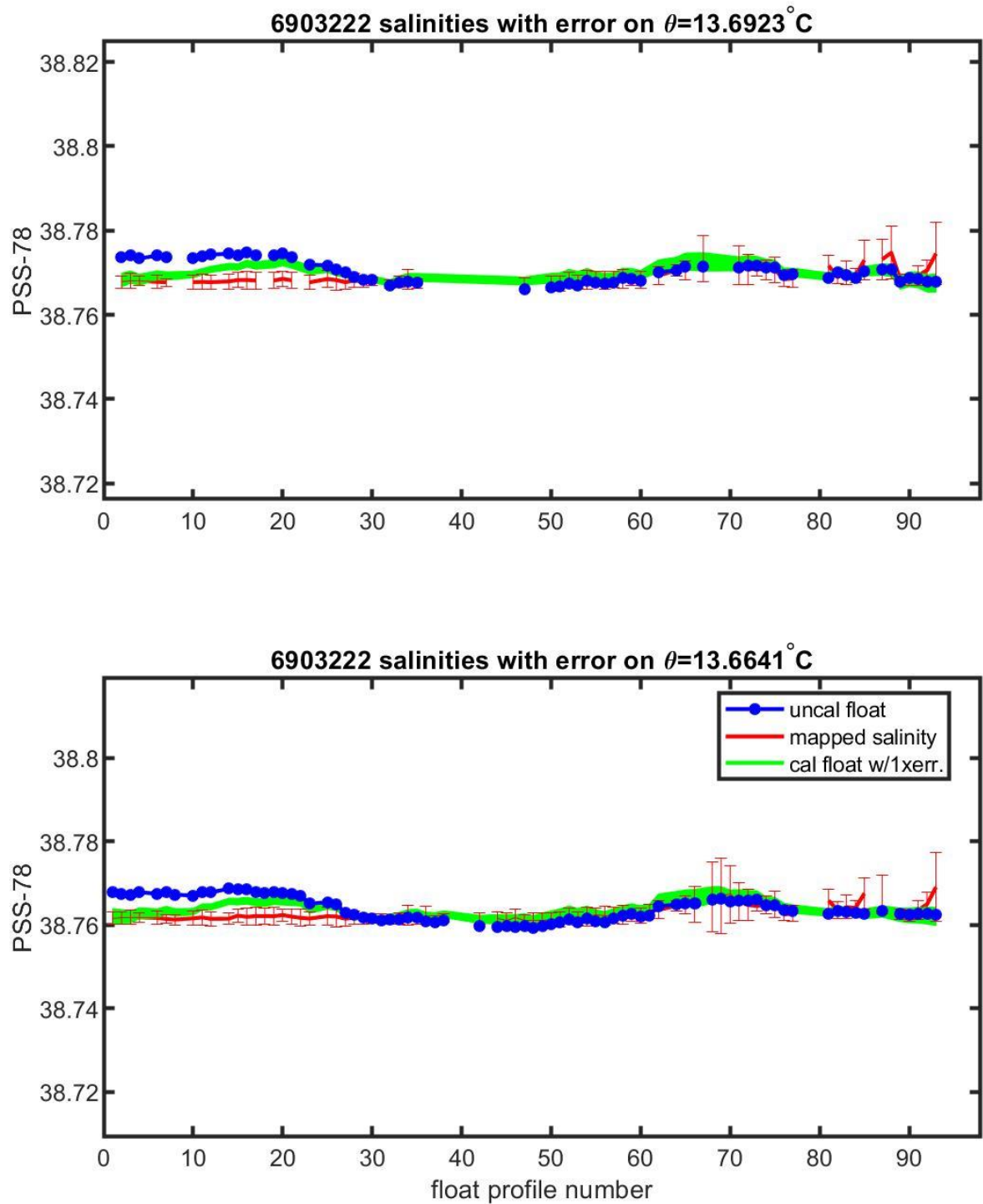


**Figure 15:** Float 6903222. Evolution of the suggested adjustment with time. The top panel plots the potential conductivity multiplicative adjustment. The bottom panel plots the equivalent salinity additive adjustment. The red line denotes one-to-one profile fit that uses the vertically weighted mean of each profile. The red line can be used to check for anomalous profiles relative to the optimal fit.

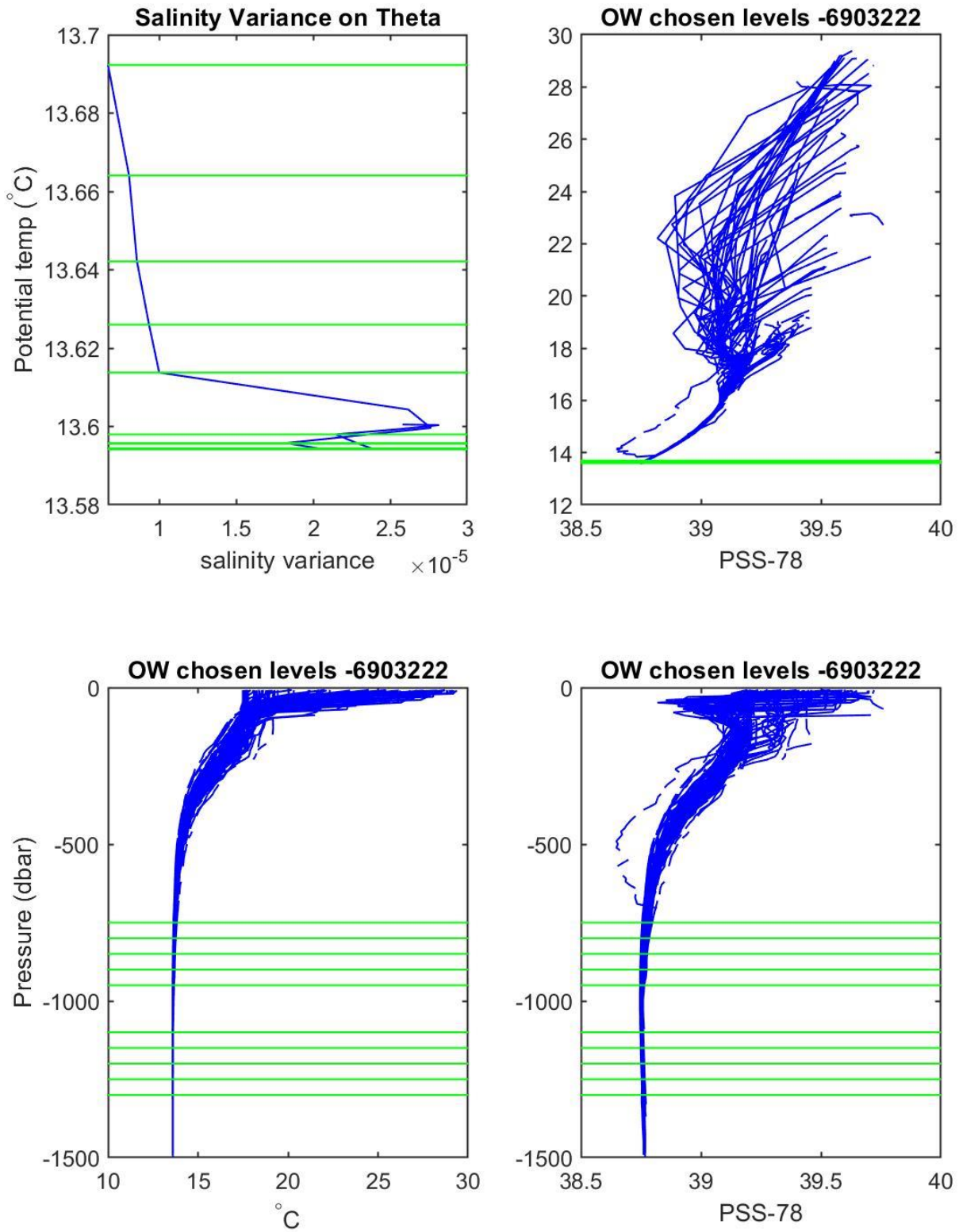
6903222 calibrated float data (-) and mapped salinity (o) with objective errors



**Figure 16:** Float 6903222. The plot of calibrated float salinity and the objectively estimated reference salinity at the 10 float theta levels that are used in calibration.

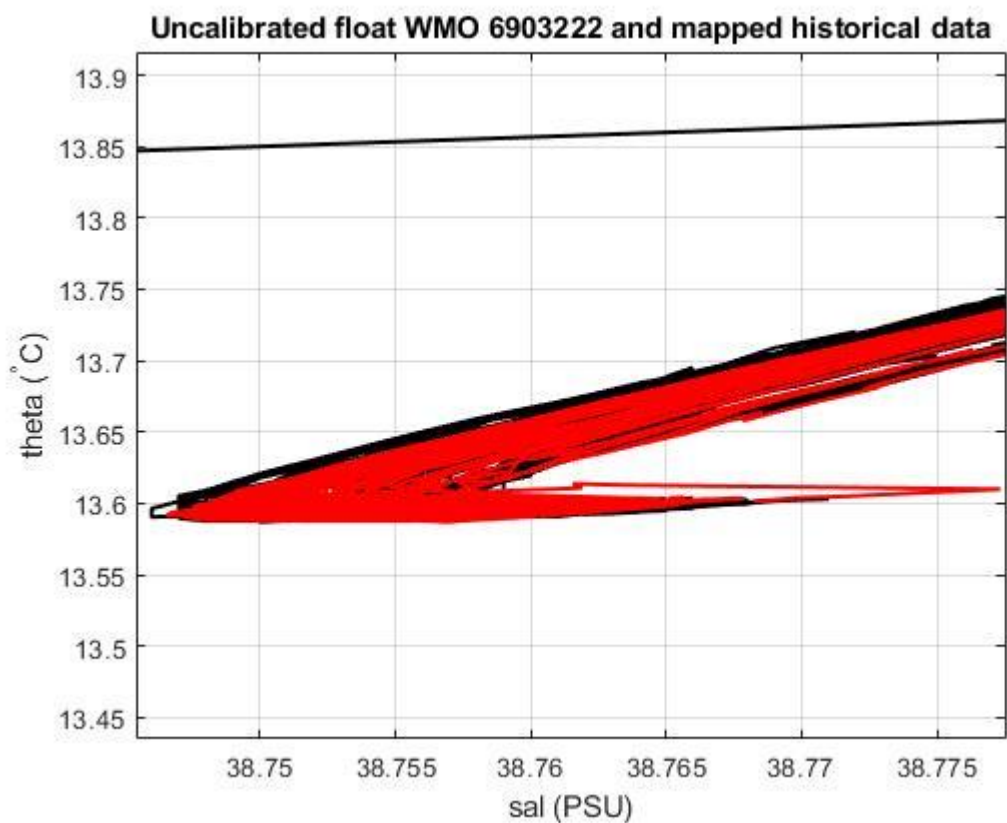


**Figure 17:** Float 6903222. Plots of the evolution of salinity with time along with selected theta levels with minimum salinity variance.



**Figure 18:** Float 6903222. Plots include the theta levels chosen for calibration: Top left: Salinity variance at theta levels. Top right: T/S diagram of all profiles of Argo float. Bottom left: potential temperature plotted against pressure. Bottom right: salinity plotted against pressure.

The analysis of the  $\theta$ -S diagram of profile segments deeper than 700 dbar (Figure 19) shows that the OW method was run where the  $\theta$ -S relationship is the tightest.



**Figure 19:** Float 6903222. Uncalibrated float salinity profile (black lines) and mapped historical data (red lines) in the most uniform part of the  $\theta$ -S curve.

## 4 Summary

Float was deployed in the Levantine sub-basin, in the Mediterranean Sea. The most favorable water masses, which are useful for comparison with climatology is relatively stable intermediate and deep waters from around 700 m. The initial comparison between Argo float and reference data doesn't show a significant salinity drift. Only the last cycle differs from the others and presents some levels for PSAL and TEMP with QC=4. This float was not DMOQ-ed before.

The OWC analysis didn't show a potential salinity offset/drift. Figure 17 shows that the float salinity is quite constant on selected  $\theta$ -levels. The correction proposed by OW is quite small and below the Argo requested accuracy (0.01) for cycle from 1 to 96. The last cycle has bad and unadjustable data. The salinity data of Float WMO 6903222 are accurate, except for profile 97, and don't need a delayed mode correction:

PSAL\_ADJUSTED=PSAL

The quality flags applied are the following:

PSAL\_ADJUSTED\_QC='1' from cycle 1 to 96

PSAL\_ADJUSTED\_QC='4' for cycle 97

The delayed-mode files (Dfiles) have been created accordingly and sent to the Coriolis GDAC.

## 5 References

Cabanes, C., Thierry, V., & Lagadec, C. (2016). Improvement of bias detection in Argo float conductivity sensors and its application in the North Atlantic. *Deep-Sea Research Part I: Oceanographic Research Papers*, 114, 128–136.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dsr.2016.05.007>